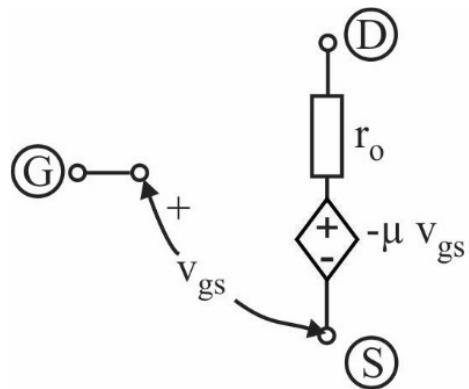
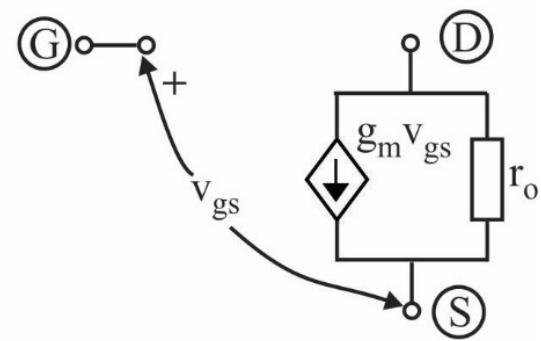


## ANALIZA POJAČAVAČA SA MOSFET TRANZISTORIMA

$$g_m = 2\sqrt{A \cdot I_D} \quad r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot I_D} = \frac{V_A}{I_D} \quad \mu = g_m \cdot r_o$$



Naponski model



Strujni model

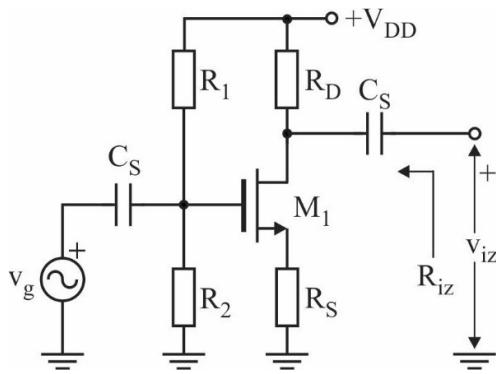
Model MOSFETA za naizmeničnu struju je isti i za n-kanalni i za p-kanalni MOSFET. Naizmenična struja drejna se uvek usmerava od drejna prema sorsu.

## 1. ZADATAK

Za kolo pojačavača sa slike odrediti:

- Dinamičke parametre tranzistora strminu  $g_m$ , izlaznu otpornost  $r_o$  i koeficijent naponskog pojačanja  $\mu$  ako je  $\lambda = 0,01 \text{ V}^{-1}$ ;
- Naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = v_{iz}/v_g$ .
- Izlaznu otpornost tranzistora  $R_{iz}$ ;

Poznato je  $R_s = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_D = 6 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 3 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$  i  $V_{DD} = 12 \text{ V}$ .  $C_S$  teži beskonačnosti. Parametri tranzistora su:  $A = 1 \text{ mA/V}^2$  i  $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$ .



a)

$$V_G = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD}$$

$$V_S = R_S \cdot I_D$$

$$I_D = A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$


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$$V_x = V_{GS} - V_t$$

$$V_{GS} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} - R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2 + (V_{GS} - V_t) + V_t - \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} = 0$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot V_x^2 + V_x + V_t - \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} = 0$$

$$V_x^2 + V_x - 2 = 0$$

$$V_x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{2}$$

$$V_{x1} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{x2} = -2 \text{ V}$$

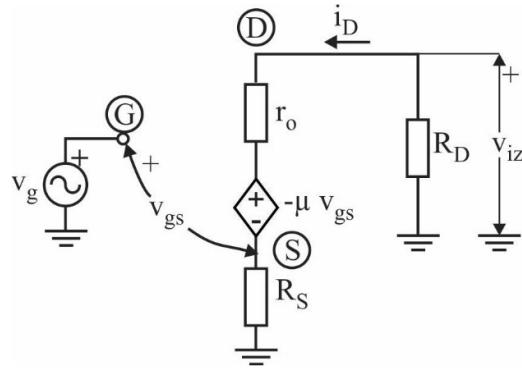
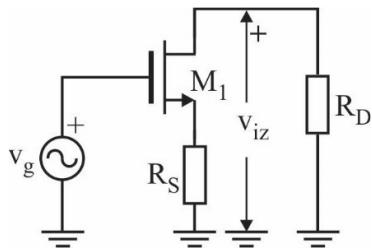
$$I_D = A \cdot V_x^2 = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2 \cdot \sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 2 \text{ mS}$$

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot I_D} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\mu = g_m \cdot r_o = 200$$

b) Otpornici R1 i R2 su izostavljeni iz šeme jer ne uticu na naponsko pojačanje. Ova dva otpornika imaju uticaj samo na ulaznu otpornost.



$$R_D \cdot i_d + r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_{gs} + R_s \cdot i_d = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = v_g - i_d \cdot R_s$$

$$v_{iz} = -R_D \cdot i_d$$


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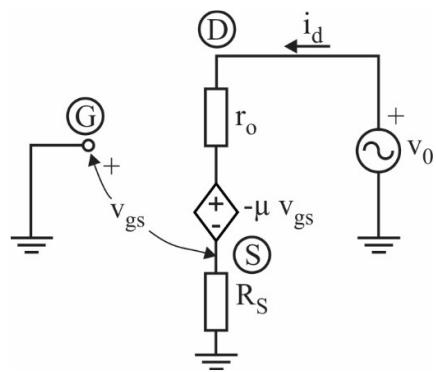
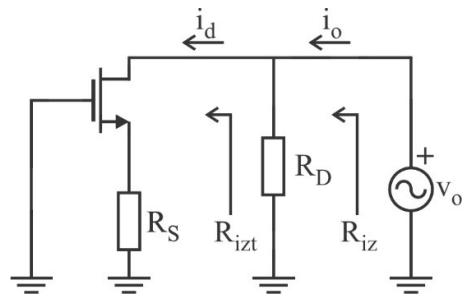
$$R_D \cdot i_d + r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_g + \mu \cdot i_d \cdot R_s + R_s \cdot i_d = 0$$

$$i_d = \frac{\mu \cdot v_g}{R_D + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s}$$

$$v_{iz} = \frac{-R_D \cdot \mu \cdot v_g}{R_D + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s}$$

$$A_n = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_g} = \frac{-R_D \cdot \mu}{R_D + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s} = -3,9$$

C )



$$v_o = r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_{gs} + R_s \cdot i_d$$

$$v_{gs} = -R_s \cdot i_d$$


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$$v_o = r_o \cdot i_d + \mu \cdot R_s \cdot i_d + R_s \cdot i_d$$

$$R_{izt} = \frac{v_o}{i_d} = r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s = 301 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_{iz} = R_{izt} \parallel R_D = 5,88 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_{iz} \approx R_D$$

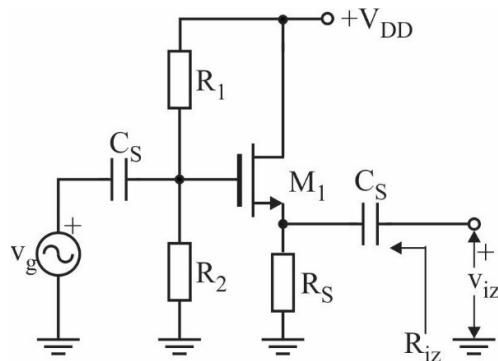
## 2. ZADATAK

Za kolo pojačavača sa zajedničkim drejnom sa slike odrediti:

- Dinamičke parametre tranzistora strminu  $g_m$ , izlaznu otpornost  $r_o$  i koeficijent naponskog pojačanja  $\mu$  ako je  $\lambda = 0,01 \text{ V}^{-1}$ ;
- Naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = v_{iz}/v_g$ .
- Izlaznu otpornost tranzistora  $R_{iz}$ ;

Poznato je  $R_S = 6 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 2 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $V_{DD} = 12 \text{ V}$ .  $C_S$  teži beskonačnosti.

Parametri tranzistora su:  $A = 1 \text{ mA/V}^2$  i  $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$ .



a)

$$V_G = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD}$$

$$V_S = R_S \cdot I_D$$

$$I_D = A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$


---

$$V_x = V_{GS} - V_t$$

$$V_{GS} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} - R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2 + (V_{GS} - V_t) + V_t - \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} = 0$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot V_x^2 + V_x + V_t - \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD} = 0$$

$$V_x^2 + V_x - 2 = 0$$

$$V_x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{2}$$

$$V_{x1} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{xx} = -2 \text{ V}$$

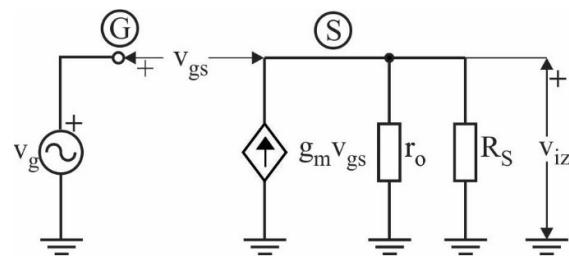
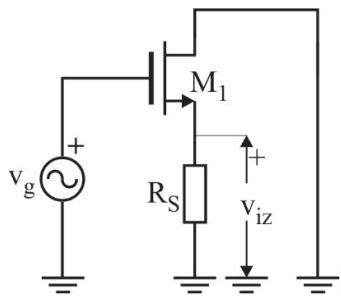
$$I_D = A \cdot V_x^2 = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2 \cdot \sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 2 \text{ mS}$$

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot I_D} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\mu = g_m \cdot r_o = 200$$

b)



$$-g_m \cdot v_{gs} + \frac{v_s}{r_o} + \frac{v_s}{R_s} = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = v_g - v_s$$

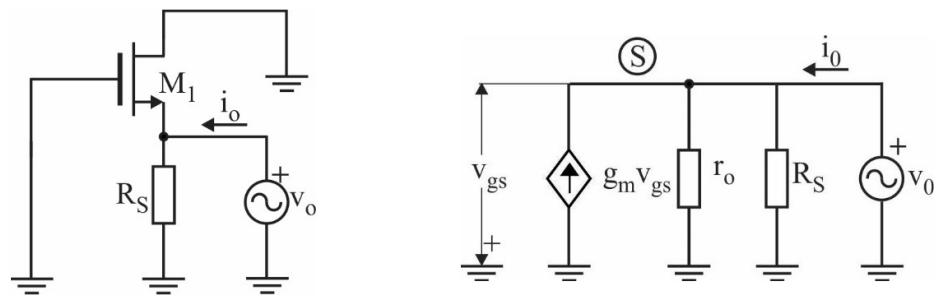

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$$-g_m \cdot v_g + g_m \cdot v_s + \frac{v_s}{r_o} + \frac{v_s}{R_s} = 0$$

$$v_{iz} = v_s = \frac{g_m \cdot v_g}{g_m + \frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_s}}$$

$$A_n = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_g} = \frac{g_m}{g_m + \frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_s}} = 0.92$$

c)



$$i_o = \frac{v_o}{R_s} + \frac{v_o}{r_o} - g_m \cdot v_{gs}$$

$$\underline{v_{gs} = -v_s}$$

$$R_{iz} = \frac{v_o}{i_o} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_s} + \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m} = R_s \parallel r_o \parallel \left(\frac{1}{g_m}\right) = 497 \Omega$$

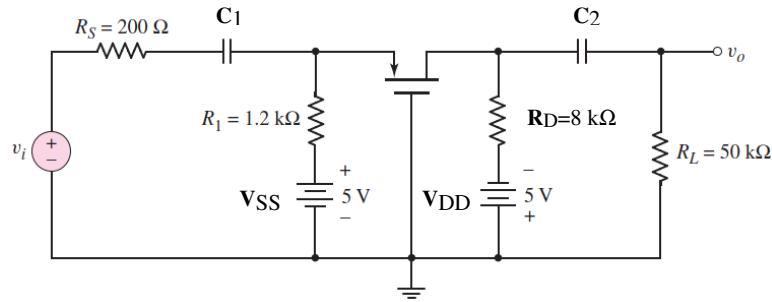
$$\left(\frac{1}{g_m}\right) \ll R_s, r_o$$

$$R_{iz} = R_s \parallel r_o \parallel \left(\frac{1}{g_m}\right) \approx \frac{1}{g_m}$$

### 3 ZADATAK

Parametri tranzistora u kolu sa slike su  $A = 0,5 \text{ mA/V}^2$  i  $V_t = -3,4 \text{ V}$ ,  $\lambda=0$ . Odrediti:

- Radnu tačku tranzistora i dinamičke parametre tranzistora.
- Naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = v_{iz}/v_g$ .
- Ulaznu otpornost tranzistora  $R_{in}$ .



**Rešenje:**

$$-V_{SS} + R_1 \cdot I_D - V_{GS} = 0$$

$$-V_{SS} + R_1 \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2 - V_{GS} = 0$$

$$R_1 \cdot A \cdot V_X^2 - V_X - V_t - V_{SS} = 0$$

$$0,6 \cdot V_X^2 - V_X - 1,6 = 0$$

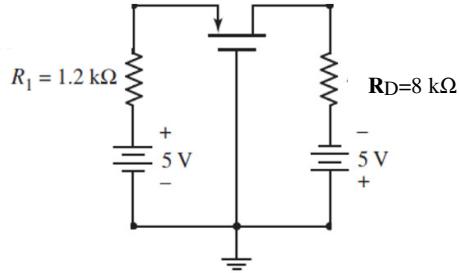
$$V_X = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot 0,6 \cdot 1,6}}{1,2}$$

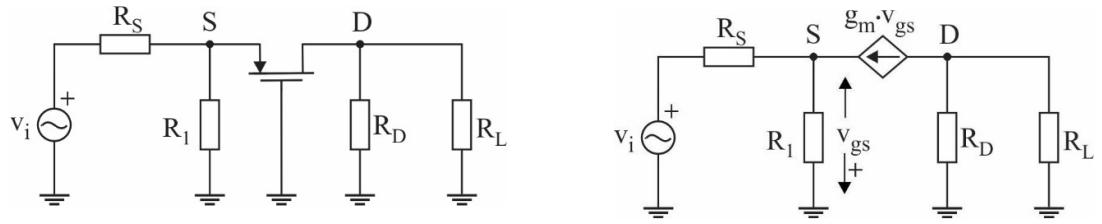
$$V_{x1} = -1 \text{ V}$$

~~$$V_{x2} = \frac{8}{3} \text{ V}$$~~

$$I_D = A \cdot V_x^2 = 0,5 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2 \cdot \sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 1 \text{ mS}$$





$$\frac{v_s}{R_1} + \frac{v_s - v_i}{R_s} - g_m \cdot v_{gs} = 0$$

$$\frac{v_d}{R_D} + \frac{v_d}{R_L} + g_m \cdot v_{gs} = 0$$

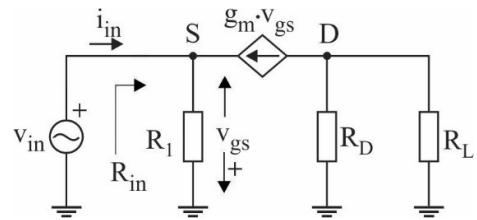
$$\underline{v_{gs} = -v_s}$$

$$v_i = \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_1} + g_m \cdot R_s \right) \cdot v_s$$

$$v_d = -g_m \cdot v_{gs} \cdot R_d \parallel R_L$$

$$A_n = \frac{v_d}{v_i} = g_m \cdot R_d \parallel R_L \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_s + g_m \cdot R_s \cdot R_1} = 5$$

b)



$$-i_{in} + \frac{v_{in}}{R_1} - g_m \cdot v_{gs} = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = -v_{in}$$

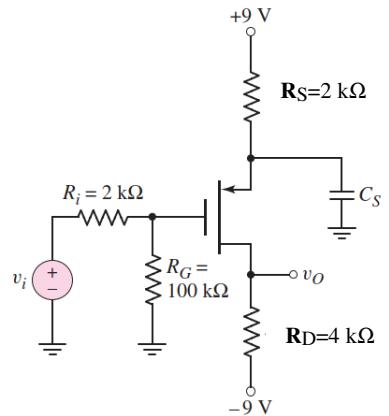
$$\underline{i_{in} = v_{in} \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + g_m \right)}$$

$$R_{in} = \frac{R_1}{1 + g_m \cdot R_1} = 540 \Omega$$

#### 4 ZADATAK

Parametri tranzistora u kolu sa slike su  $A = 0,5 \text{ mA/V}^2$  i  $V_t = -3 \text{ V}$ ,  $\lambda = 0,01 \text{ V}^{-1}$ . Odrediti:

- Radnu tačku tranzistora i dinamičke parametre tranzistora.
- Naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = v_{iz}/v_g$ .
- Izlaznu otpornost tranzistora  $R_{iz}$ .



**Rešenje:**

$$V_S = V_{DD} - R_S \cdot I_D$$

$$V_{GS} = -V_S = R_S \cdot I_D - V_{DD}$$

$$I_D = A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$

$$V_{GS} - V_t + V_t = R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2 - V_{DD}$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot V_x^2 - V_x - V_{DD} - V_t = 0$$

$$V_x^2 - V_x - 6 = 0$$

$$V_x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot 6}}{2}$$

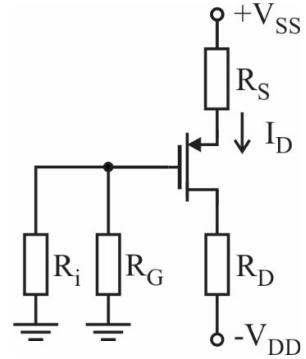
$$\underline{V_{x1} = 3 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{x2} = -2 \text{ V}$$

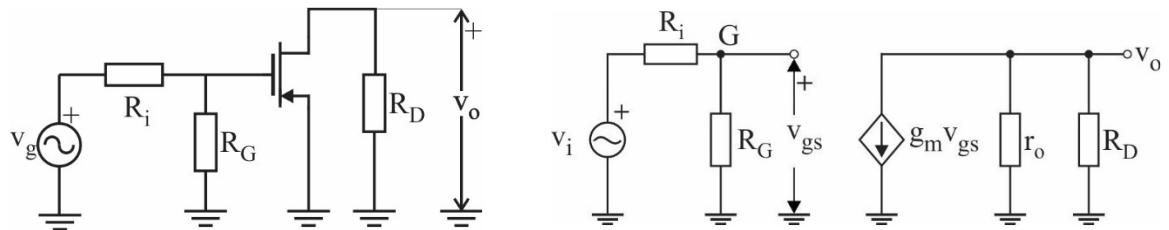
$$I_D = A \cdot V_x^2 = 2 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2 \cdot \sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 2 \text{ mS}$$

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot I_D} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$$



b)



$$\frac{v_g}{R_G} + \frac{v_g - v_i}{R_i} = 0$$

$$g_m \cdot v_{gs} + \frac{v_o}{r_o} + \frac{v_o}{R_D} = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = v_g$$

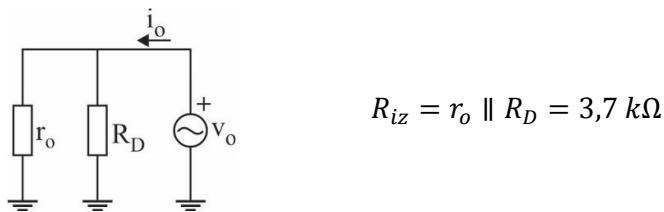
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$$v_{gs} = \frac{R_G}{R_G + R_i} \cdot v_i$$

$$v_o = -g_m \cdot v_{gs} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_D}} = -g_m \cdot v_{gs} \cdot r_o \parallel R_D$$

$$A_n = \frac{v_o}{v_i} = -g_m \cdot \frac{R_G}{R_G + R_i} \cdot r_o \parallel R_D = 7.25$$

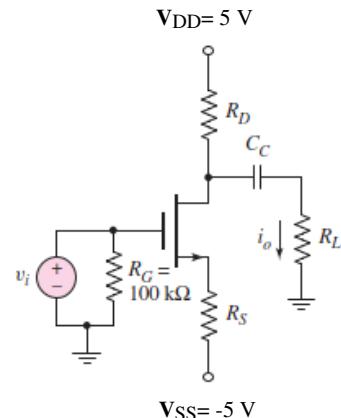
c )



## 5 ZADATAK

Parametri tranzistora u kolu sa slike su  $A = 0,5 \text{ mA/V}^2$  i  $V_t = 2,5 \text{ V}$ ,  $\lambda = 0,01 \text{ V}^{-1}$ . Elementi kola su  $R_S = 250 \Omega$   $R_D = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ . Odrediti:

- Radnu tačku tranzistora i dinamičke parametre tranzistora.
- Naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = v_{iz}/v_g$ .
- Izlaznu otpornost tranzistora  $R_{iz}$ .



**Rešenje:**

$$V_S = R_S \cdot I_D + V_{SS}$$

$$V_{GS} = -V_S = -V_{SS} - R_S \cdot I_D$$

$$I_D = A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2$$


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$$V_{GS} - V_t + V_t = -R_S \cdot A \cdot (V_{GS} - V_t)^2 - V_{SS}$$

$$R_S \cdot A \cdot V_x^2 + V_x + V_{SS} + V_t = 0$$

$$0,125 \cdot V_x^2 + V_x - 2,5 = 0$$

$$V_x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot 2,5 \cdot 0,125}}{0,25}$$

$$V_{x1} = -10 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{x2} = 2 \text{ V}$$

$$I_D = A \cdot V_x^2 = 2 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2 \cdot \sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 2 \text{ mS}$$

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot I_D} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\mu = r_o \cdot g_m = 100$$

b)

$$R_D \parallel R_L \cdot i_d + r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_{gs} + R_s \cdot i_d = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = v_g - i_d \cdot R_S$$

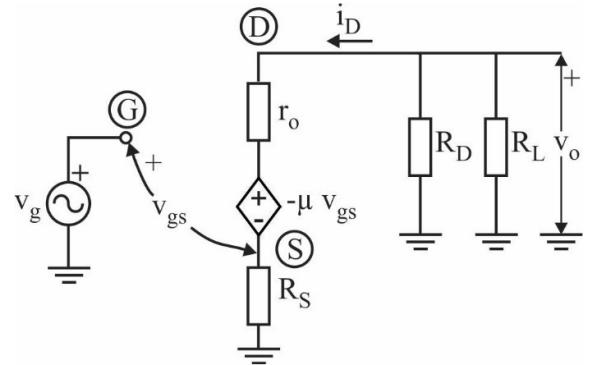
$$v_{iz} = -R_D \parallel R_L \cdot i_d$$

$$R_D \parallel R_L \cdot i_d + r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_g + \mu \cdot i_d \cdot R_S + R_s \cdot i_d = 0$$

$$i_d = \frac{\mu \cdot v_g}{R_D \parallel R_L + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s}$$

$$v_{iz} = \frac{-R_D \parallel R_L \cdot \mu \cdot v_g}{R_D \parallel R_L + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s}$$

$$A_n = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_g} = -\frac{R_D \parallel R_L \cdot \mu}{R_D \parallel R_L + r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s} = -13,1$$



c )

$$r_o \cdot i_d - \mu \cdot v_{gs} + R_s \cdot i_d = v_o$$

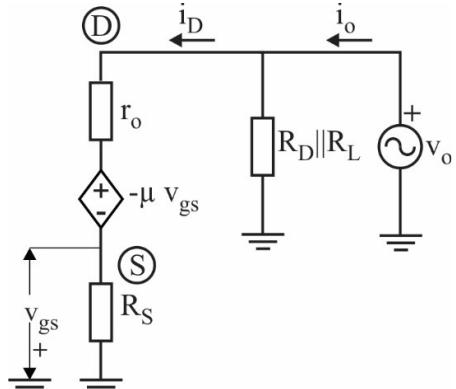
$$v_{gs} = -i_d \cdot R_S$$

$$i_o = i_d + \frac{v_o}{R_D \parallel R_L}$$

$$i_d = \frac{v_o}{r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_s}$$

$$R_{izt} = \frac{v_o}{i_d}$$

$$R_{izt} = r_o + (\mu + 1) \cdot R_S = 75 \text{ k}\Omega$$

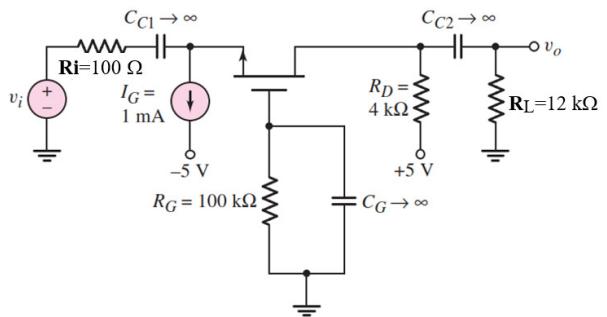


$$i_o = \frac{v_o}{R_{izt}} + \frac{v_o}{R_D \parallel R_L}$$

$$R_{iz} = \frac{v_o}{i_o} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{izt}} + \frac{1}{R_D \parallel R_L}} = R_{izt} \parallel R_D \parallel R_L = 0,98 \text{ k}\Omega$$

## 6 ZADATAK

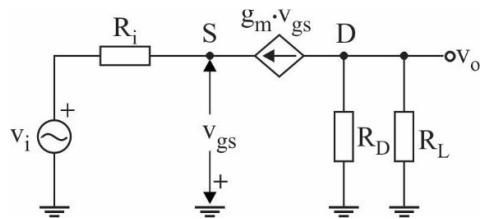
Parametri tranzistora u kolu sa slike su  $A = 1 \text{ mA/V}^2$ ,  $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $\lambda = 0 \text{ V}^{-1}$ . Odrediti naponsko pojačanje  $A_n = \frac{v_o}{v_i}$ .



**Rešenje:**

$$I_D = I_G = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$g_m = 2\sqrt{A \cdot I_D} = 2 \text{ mS}$$



$$\frac{v_s}{R_i} - \frac{v_g}{R_i} - g_m \cdot v_{gs} = 0$$

$$\frac{v_o}{R_D \parallel R_L} + g_m \cdot v_{gs} = 0$$

$$v_{gs} = -v_s$$


---

$$\frac{v_s}{R_i} + g_m \cdot v_s = \frac{v_g}{R_i}$$

$$v_s = \frac{v_g}{1 + g_m \cdot R_i}$$

$$v_o = \frac{g_m \cdot R_D \parallel R_L}{1 + g_m \cdot R_i} \cdot v_g$$

$$A_n = \frac{g_m \cdot R_D \parallel R_L}{1 + g_m \cdot R_i} = 5$$