

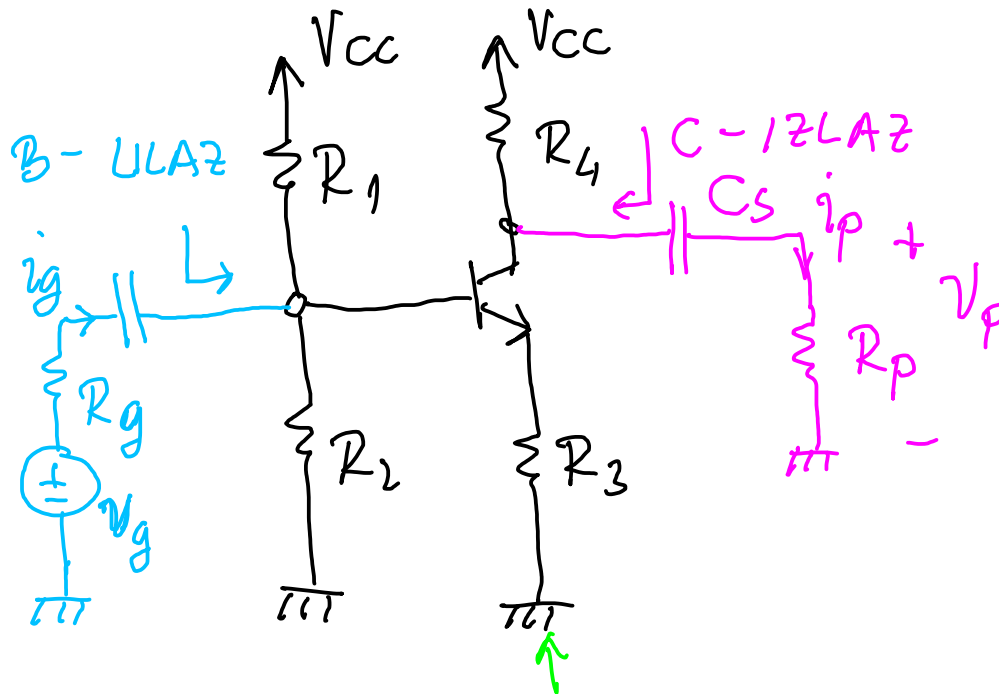
$\underline{P1}$ (A) NAPONSKO POJAČAČIJE, (B) STRUJNI POJAČAČIJE (SAMO KOPBJT)
 (C) ULAŽNA OTPORNOST, (D) IZLAŽNA OTPORNOST \Rightarrow "SMALL" SIGNAL

$$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{2\pi f \cdot C}$$

$\rightarrow \lim X_C = 0 \Omega$
 $C \rightarrow \infty, f \neq \infty, 0$ (AC LF/MF)

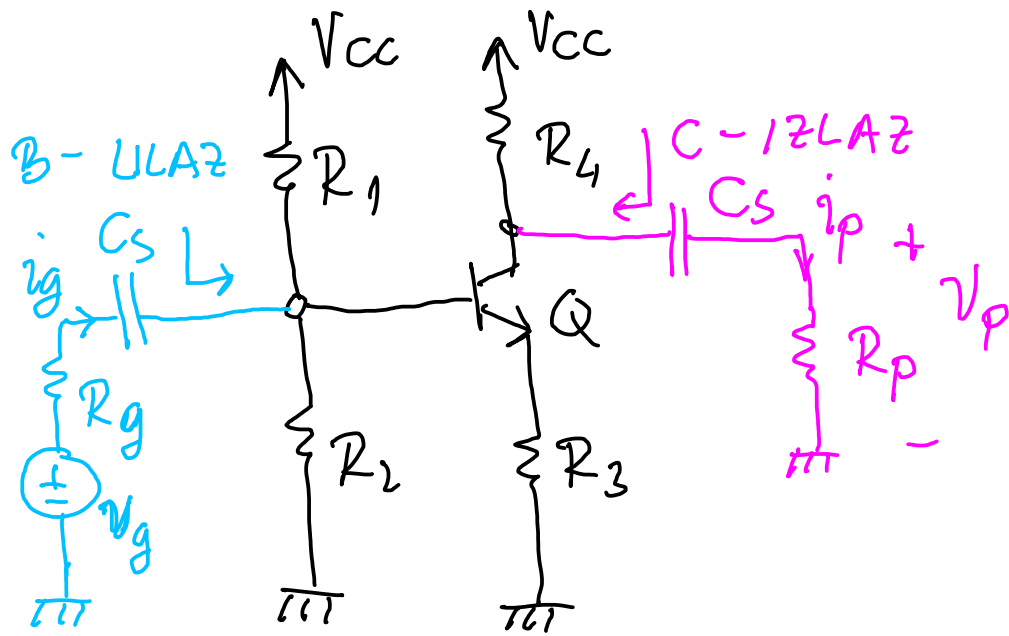
$\rightarrow \lim X_C = \infty \Omega$
 $f \rightarrow \infty, C \neq \infty$ (AC HF)

$\lim X_C = \infty \Omega$
 $f \rightarrow 0, C \neq \infty$ (DC)



E - "ZAJEDNIČKA" TAČKA

KONFIGURACIJA SA ZAJEDNIČKIM
EMITOROM



Q: $V_{BE} = 0.7V$, $\beta = 100$, $V_A \rightarrow \infty V$

$$V_A \rightarrow \infty V \Rightarrow r_o = \frac{V_A + V_{CE}}{I_C} \rightarrow \infty \Omega$$

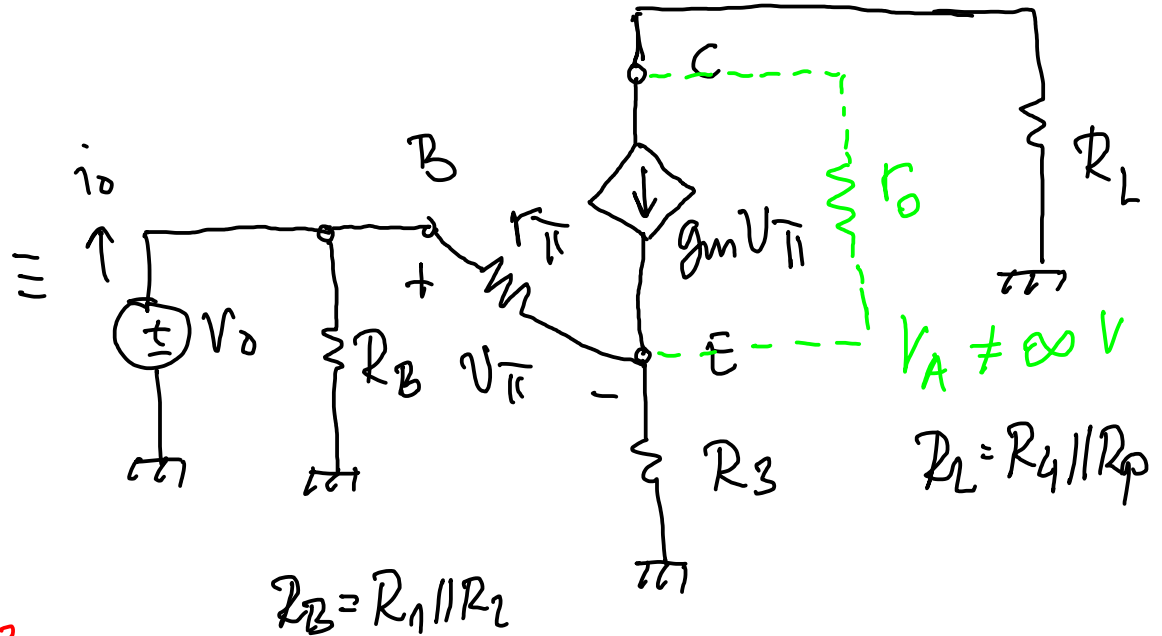
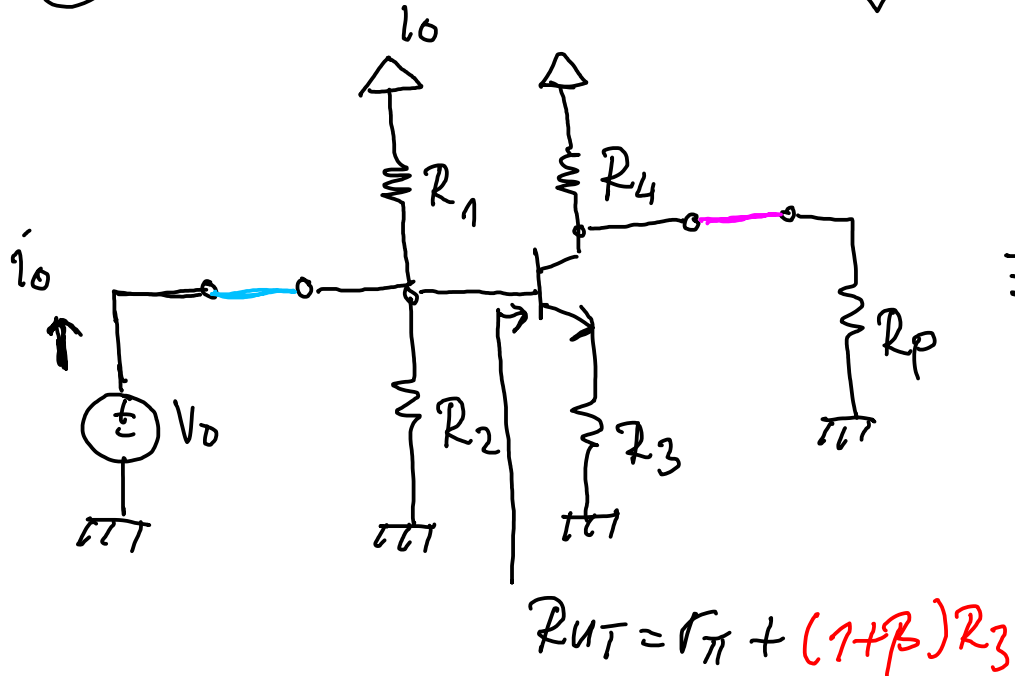
$$V_A \gg V_{CE}, r_o \approx \frac{V_A}{I_C}$$

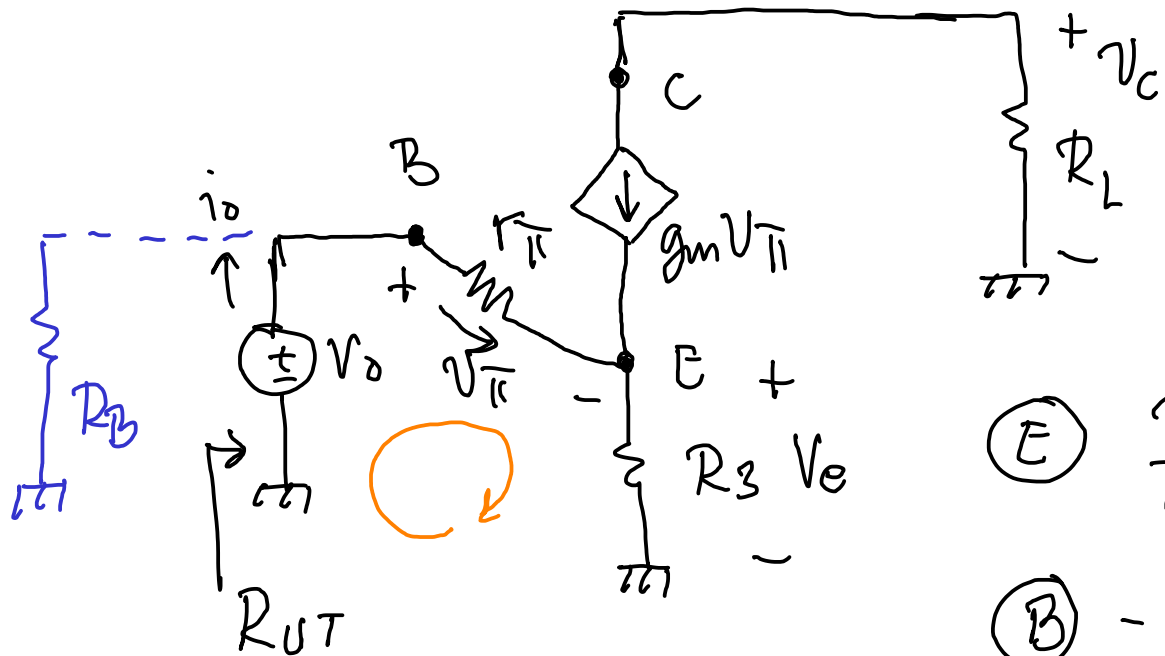
$$C_s \rightarrow \infty F$$

$$r_{\pi} = V_T / I_B$$

$$g_m = \beta / r_{\pi} = I_C / V_T$$

(c) $R_{UL} = \frac{V_o}{i_o}$ ("SS") \Downarrow - "VIRTUALNA" MASA





$$R_{UL} = R_{UT} \parallel R_B$$

$$R_{UT} \triangleq \frac{V_o}{i_o}$$

(E) $\frac{V_e}{R_3} - g_m V_{\pi} - \frac{V_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}} = 0$

(B) $-i_o + \frac{V_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}} = 0$

(C) $g_m V_{\pi} + \frac{V_c}{R_L} = 0$

(45) $V_o = V_{\pi} + V_e \Rightarrow V_{\pi} = V_o - V_e$

(E) $V_e g_3 - (V_o - V_e) \left(g_m + \frac{1}{r_{\pi}} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow$ TREBA ELIMINISATI V_e

(B) $-i_o + (V_o - V_e) \cdot g_{\pi} = 0$

(C) $g_m (V_o - V_e) + \frac{V_c}{R_L} \cdot g_L = 0 \Rightarrow$ HE POTREBIA ZA $\frac{V_o}{i_o}$!

$$\textcircled{E} \quad v_e g_3 - (v_o - v_e) \left(g_m + \frac{1}{r_\pi} \right) = 0 \quad * g_m \cdot r_\pi = \beta$$

$$\textcircled{B} \quad -i_o + (v_o - v_e) \cdot g_{\pi} = 0 \Rightarrow v_e = v_o - i_o r_\pi$$

$$v_e (g_3 + (1+\beta)g_{\pi}) = v_o (1+\beta)g_{\pi}$$

$$(v_o - i_o r_\pi) (g_3 + (1+\beta)g_{\pi}) = v_o (1+\beta)g_{\pi}$$

$$v_o (g_3 + \cancel{(1+\beta)g_{\pi}} - \cancel{(1+\beta)g_{\pi}}) = i_o r_\pi (g_3 + (1+\beta)g_{\pi})$$

$$R_{uT} = \frac{v_o}{i_o} = \frac{r_\pi (g_3 + (1+\beta)g_{\pi})}{g_3} = r_\pi \left(1 + (1+\beta) \frac{R_3}{r_\pi} \right)$$

$$R_{uT} = r_\pi + (1+\beta)R_3$$

OVAKI REZULTAT KORISTIMO ZA
ANALIZU VIŠESTEPENIH POJAOVAVAČA!

$$R_{uE} = R_B \parallel R_{uT} = R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel R_{uT} = R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel (r_\pi + (1+\beta)R_3)$$